ANGUS CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: CORRGUARD® FLEX

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier: ANGUS CHEMICAL COMPANY

Address: 1500 E. LAKE COOK ROAD
Buffalo Grove IL 60089-6553

Customer Information
Number: +1-847-808-3711

E-mail address: NAR_CC@ANGUS.COM

Emergency telephone number: 800-424-9300

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Metal working fluid additive
Neutralizing agent.
For industrial use.
The ANGUS Chemical Company recommends that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact the Customer Information Group (see Section 1 of this data sheet).

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity (Oral) Category 4
Skin corrosion Category 1
Product name : CORRGUARD® FLEX  
Issue Date: 11/02/2017

Serious eye damage  
Category 1

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word  
Danger

Hazard statements  
Harmful if swallowed.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

**Prevention:**
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

**Storage:**
Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**
None known.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is a mixture.

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Amino-1-butanol</td>
<td>96-20-8</td>
<td>&gt; 67.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol</td>
<td>115-70-8</td>
<td>&lt; 14.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
<td>&lt; 16.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled
Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

In case of skin contact
Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur or irritation persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immediately available.

In case of eye contact
Wash immediately and continuously with flowing water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses after the first 5 minutes and continue washing. Obtain prompt medical consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

If swallowed
Seek medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Give one cup (8 ounces or 240 ml) of water or milk if available and transport to a medical facility. Do not give anything by mouth unless the person is fully conscious.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Protection of first-aiders
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician
Chemical eye burns may require extended irrigation. Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. No specific antidote. Due to irritant properties, swallowing may result in burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture. Aspiration of vomitus may cause lung injury. Suggest endotracheal/esophageal control if lavage is done.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media
Water fog or fine spray.
Dry chemical fire extinguishers.
Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.
Foam.
Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unsuitable extinguishing media</th>
<th>No information available.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specific hazards during firefighting</td>
<td>Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous combustion products</td>
<td>During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information</td>
<td>Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Burning liquids may be extinguished by dilution with water. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special protective equipment for firefighters</td>
<td>Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Evacuate area. Keep personnel out of low areas. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. No smoking in area. Only trained and properly protected personnel must be involved in clean-up operations. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. |
| Environmental precautions | Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Spills or discharge to natural waterways is likely to kill aquatic organisms. |
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spilled material if possible.
Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers.
See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.
Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Avoid breathing vapor or mist.
Do not swallow.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Keep container closed.
Use with adequate ventilation.
Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers.
Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the autoignition temperatures possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion.
See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage

Do not store in:
Aluminum.
Brass.
Copper.
Copper alloys.
Galvanized containers.
Zinc.
Store in a dry place.
Store in original unopened container.
Keep containers tightly closed when not in use to prevent formation of carbonate salts.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Engineering measures

Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.
Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if material is heated or sprayed, use an approved air-purifying respirator.
Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a
potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process.

Hand protection

Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Avoid gloves made of: Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Eye protection

Use chemical goggles.

Skin and body protection

Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Amine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>no data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>12.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>&lt; -30 °C (&lt; -22 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/range</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point/boiling range</td>
<td>110 °C (230 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>&gt; 150 °C (&gt; 302 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type: Seta closed cup</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Upper explosion limit  No test data available
Lower explosion limit  No test data available
Vapor Pressure  No test data available
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)  No test data available
Relative density  No data available.
Density  0.984 g/cm³ (20 °C)
Solubility(ies)  
Water solubility  Miscible with water in all proportions Method: Literature
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water  No test data available
Auto-ignition temperature  No test data available
Viscosity  
Viscosity, dynamic  No test data available
Viscosity, kinematic  No test data available
Explosive properties  Not applicable
Oxidizing properties  No oxidising properties

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity  No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability  Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7.
Possibility of hazardous reactions  Polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid  Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.
Product absorbs carbon dioxide from the air.
Reaction with carbon dioxide may form carbonate salts.
Avoid moisture.
Incompatible materials  Avoid contact with:
Product name: CORRGUARD® FLEX

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.

**Acute toxicity**

**Components:**

**2-Amino-1-butanol**

Acute oral toxicity  
LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1,800 mg/kg  
Method: OECD 401 or equivalent

Acute inhalation toxicity  
Remarks: At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility.  
Vapor from heated material or mist may cause respiratory irritation.

Remarks: The LC50 has not been determined.

Acute dermal toxicity  
Remarks: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

**2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol**

Acute oral toxicity  
LD50 (Rat, male): 4,571 mg/kg  
LD50 (Rat, female): 3,882 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity  
Remarks: At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility.  
Vapor from heated material or mist may cause respiratory irritation.

Remarks: The LC50 has not been determined.

Acute dermal toxicity  
LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg  
Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.  
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Skin corrosion/irritation

**Components:**
2-Amino-1-butanol

Result: Corrosive
Remarks: Brief contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol

Remarks: Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness. Prolonged contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness, swelling, and tissue damage. May cause more severe response if skin is abraded (scratched or cut).

Remarks: Not classified as corrosive to the skin according to DOT guidelines.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Components:**
2-Amino-1-butanol

Result: Corrosive
Remarks: May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur. Mist may cause eye irritation.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol

Result: Corrosive
Remarks: May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Components:**
2-Amino-1-butanol

Remarks: For similar material(s):
Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Remarks: For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant data found.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol

Remarks: Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Remarks: No relevant data found.
For respiratory sensitization:

Carcinogenicity

**Components:**
2-Amino-1-butanol
No relevant data found.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol

No relevant data found.

IARC

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

NTP

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Teratogenicity

Components:

2-Amino-1-butanol
2-Aminobutanol hydrochloride salt caused maternal toxicity leading to death of embryos when administered orally to pregnant rats in a reproductive screening study. No developmental effects were observed in this study.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol
Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Mutagenicity

Components:

2-Amino-1-butanol
In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol
In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

2-Amino-1-butanol
In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol
In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.
STOT - single exposure

**Components:**
2-Amino-1-butanol

Assessment: Material is corrosive. Material is not classified as a respiratory irritant; however, upper respiratory tract irritation or corrosivity may be expected.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol

Assessment: Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:**
2-Amino-1-butanol

Remarks: In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Liver.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol

Remarks: Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Aspiration toxicity

**Components:**
2-Amino-1-butanol

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

**Components:**
2-Amino-1-butanol

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 270 mg/l
Exposure time: 96.0 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 952 mg/l
Exposure time: 96.0 h
Test Type: static test
Product name: CORRGUARD® FLEX

Issue Date: 11/02/2017

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 115.00 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48.0 h  
Test Type: static test  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

**Toxicity to algae**

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.94 mg/l  
End point: Growth rate inhibition  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Test Type: static test  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

EyC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.62 mg/l  
End point: Cell yield inhibition  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Test Type: static test  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)  
1

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50 (activated sludge): 329.2 mg/l  
End point: Respiration rates.  
Exposure time: 3 h  
Test Type: static test.  
Method: OECD 209 Test

**2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol**

Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to fish on an acute basis (LC50 > 100 mg/L). May increase pH of aquatic systems to > pH 10 which may be toxic to aquatic organisms.

LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 460 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96.0 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 668.00 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48.0 h

**Toxicity to algae**

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 548 mg/l  
End point: Growth rate inhibition  
Exposure time: 72 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.99 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
End point: number of offspring  
LOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 8.61 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
End point: number of offspring

**Toxicity to bacteria**

EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 640 mg/l  
End point: Growth rate  
Exposure time: 16 h

12 / 19
Persistence and degradability

Components:
2-Amino-1-butanol

Biodegradability

Result: Readily biodegradable
Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Biodegradation: 93 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent
Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

ThOD

2.690 mg/mg
Method: Calculated.

Photodegradation

Sensitizer: OH radicals
Rate constant: Degradation half life: 0.2 d
Method: Estimated.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol

Biodegradability

Remarks: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability. Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% mineralization in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

Biodegradation: > 90 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent
Remarks: 10-day Window: Not applicable

Biodegradation: < 6 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent
Remarks: 10-day Window: Fail

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Remarks: No test data available

Components:
2-Amino-1-butanol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: -0.45
Method: Measured
Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: -1.02
octanol/water  Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 or Equivalent  
Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

2-Amino-1-butanol  

Distribution among environmental compartments  Koc: < 1  
Method: Estimated.  
Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).  
Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol  

Distribution among environmental compartments  Koc: 922  
Method: Estimated.  
Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000).

**Other adverse effects**

**Components:**

2-Amino-1-butanol  

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment  Non-classified vPvB substance Non-classified PBT substance  
Ozone-Depletion Potential  Remarks: This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol  

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment  This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).  
Ozone-Depletion Potential  Remarks: This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods**  
Waste from residues  DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER.  
All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations.  
Regulations may vary in different locations.
Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. Landfill. 
ANGUS HAS NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulation**

**IATA-DGR**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN/ID No.</th>
<th>UN 3267</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proper shipping name</td>
<td>Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, n.o.s. (2-Amino-1-butanol)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
<td>Corrosive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)</td>
<td>856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)</td>
<td>852</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**IMDG-Code**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>UN 3267</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proper shipping name</td>
<td>CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (2-Amino-1-butanol)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EmS Code</td>
<td>F-A, S-B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine pollutant</td>
<td>yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Stowage category A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alkalis</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**National Regulations**

**49 CFR (DOT) – NON BULK**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN/ID/NA number</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labels</td>
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<tr>
<td>ERG Code</td>
<td>153</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marine pollutant</td>
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</table>
49 CFR (DOT) - BULK

UN/ID/NA number: 3267
Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (2-Amino-1-butanol)
Class: 8
Packing group: III
Labels: Class 8 - Corrosive
ERG Code: 153
Marine pollutant: no

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazards
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Harmful by ingestion., Corrosive to skin

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards
Fire Hazard
Acute Health Hazard

SARA 302
No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act
This product does not contain any Hazardous Substances listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A.
This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.
This product does not contain any toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section 307

US State Regulations
Massachusetts Right To Know
No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know
The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cas No.</th>
<th>Component</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>96-20-8</td>
<td>2-Amino-1-butanol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115-70-8</td>
<td>2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

New Jersey Right To Know
The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of New Jersey law:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cas No.</th>
<th>Component</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>96-20-8</td>
<td>2-Amino-1-butanol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115-70-8</td>
<td>2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

California Prop. 65
This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- United States TSCA Inventory
- All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

TSCA list:
- No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.
- No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.
16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

**NFPA:**

```
   Flammability
   Health
   Toxicity
   Special hazard.
```

**HMIS III:**

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Rating</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HEALTH</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FLAMMABILITY</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYSICAL HAZARD</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High, 4 = Extreme, * = Chronic

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Identification Number: 000040003872

US / EN

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**Full text of other abbreviations**

(Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying...
Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; DOT - Department of Transportation; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; NTP - National Toxicology Program; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods