ANGUS CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: TRIS AMINO® Buffer Grade, tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane

Manufacturer or supplier's details
- Company name of supplier: ANGUS CHEMICAL COMPANY
- Address: 1500 E. LAKE COOK ROAD
  Buffalo Grove IL 60089-6553
- Customer Information Number: +1-847-808-3711
- E-mail address: NAR_CC@ANGUS.COM
- Emergency telephone number: 800-424-9300

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
- Recommended use: Biological buffer. pH buffer.
- The ANGUS Chemical Company recommends that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact the Customer Information Group (see Section 1 of this data sheet).

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
- Not a hazardous substance or mixture.
GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements
This product is not hazardous per the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling (GHS).
Other hazards
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
This product is a substance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane</td>
<td>77-86-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 98.8 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
<td>&lt;= 0.5 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.
In case of skin contact Wash off with plenty of water.
In case of eye contact Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes.
Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.
If swallowed No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Protection of first-aiders
If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Notes to physician Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.
No specific antidote.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media
Water.
Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.
Dry chemical fire extinguishers.

Specific hazards during firefighting
Pneumatic conveying and other mechanical handling operations can generate combustible dust. To reduce the potential for dust explosions, do not permit dust to accumulate.
Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation.

Hazardous combustion products
During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to:
- Nitrogen oxides
- Carbon monoxide
- Carbon dioxide

Further information
Hand held dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguishers may be used for small fires.
Soak thoroughly with water to cool and prevent re-ignition.
Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry.
Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.
Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container.
Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard.
Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed.

Special protective equipment for firefighters
Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves).
If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area.
Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions
Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Contain spilled material if possible.
Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers.
Use care to minimize generation of airborne dust.
See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling
Avoid generating and breathing dust.
Good housekeeping and controlling of dusts are necessary for safe handling of product.
Keep container closed.
See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage
Store in a dry place.
Do not store in:
- Zinc.
- Galvanized containers.
- Aluminum.
- Copper.
- Copper alloys.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters
Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Engineering measures
Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.
Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection
Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process.
In dusty or misty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator.
The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators:
- Particulate filter.

Hand protection
Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur.
Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include:
- Neoprene.
- Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl").
- Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR").

NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to:
- Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.
### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Crystals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Odorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>10 - 11.5 % (25 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/range</td>
<td>168 - 172 °C (334 - 342 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>&gt;= 168.5 °C (&gt;= 335.3 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point/boiling range</td>
<td>288 °C (550 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Test Type: closed cup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>&lt; 0.00007 mmHg (20 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)</td>
<td>No test data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>678 - 689 G/L (20 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>log Pow: -2.31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Auto-ignition temperature: No test data available
Decomposition temperature: No test data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic: Not applicable
Explosive properties: No data available.
Oxidizing properties: No data available.
Molecular weight: 121.14 g/mol
  Method: Literature
Hygroscopic: yes

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability: Hygroscopic
  Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid
  Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.
  Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.
  Avoid moisture.
Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with:
  Strong acids.
  Strong oxidizers.
  Avoid contact with metals such as:
  Zinc.
  Galvanized metals.
  Aluminum.
  Copper.
  Copper alloys.
  Avoid unintended contact with:
  Halogenated hydrocarbons.
Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity
Remarks: Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Dust may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). Vapors are unlikely due to physical properties.

Remarks: The LC50 has not been determined.

Acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD 402 or equivalent
Symptoms: No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:
Remarks: Prolonged contact is essentially nonirritating to skin. Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:
Remarks: May cause slight temporary eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product:
Remarks: For skin sensitization: Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Remarks: For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

Carcinogenicity

Product:
No relevant data found.
IARC
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

NTP
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Teratogenicity

Product
For similar material(s):
Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Mutagenicity

Product
In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:
In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

STOT - single exposure

Product:
Assessment: Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:
Remarks: Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:
Aspiration Hazard  
Product test data not available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:
Toxicity to fish
Remarks: Material is practically non-toxic to fish on an acute basis (LC50 > 100 mg/L).

LC50 (zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio)): 460 mg/l
Exposure time: 96.0 h
Remarks: For similar material(s):

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 980.00 mg/l
Exposure time: 48.0 h

Toxicity to algae
ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 397 mg/l
End point: Growth rate
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
(Chronic toxicity)
NOEC (water flea Daphnia magna): 3.99 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
End point: number of offspring
Remarks: For similar material(s):

Persistence and degradability

Product:
Biodegradability
Result: Readily biodegradable
Remarks: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent
Remarks: 10-day Window: Pass

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)
0 %
Incubation time: 5 d

84%
Incubation time: 28 d

Photodegradation
Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitiser: OH radicals
Rate constant: Degradation half life: 0.32 d
Method: Estimated.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: -2.31
Method: Measured
Remarks: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Mobility in soil

Product:
Distribution among environmental compartments
Koc: 75
Method: Estimated.
 Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is high (Koc between 50 and 150).

Other adverse effects

Product: Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane

Remarks: Potential for mobility in soil is high (Koc between 50 and 150).

Other adverse effects

Product: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEwers, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER.

All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations.

Regulations may vary in different locations.

Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.

THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information.

FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

Landfill.

ANGUS HAS NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulation

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

49 CFR (DOT) – NON BULK
Not regulated as a dangerous bulk

49 CFR (DOT) - BULK
Not regulated as a dangerous good

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazards
This product is not a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards
This product is not a hazardous chemical under 29CFR 1910.1200, and therefore is not covered by Title III of SARA.

SARA 302
No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Air Act
This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 12 (40 CFR 61).
This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).
This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC’s (40 CFR 60.489).

Clean Water Act
This product does not contain any Hazardous Substances listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A.
This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.
This product does not contain any toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section 307

US State Regulations

Massachusetts Right To Know
No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

**Pennsylvania Right To Know**
The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cas No.</th>
<th>Component</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>77-86-1</td>
<td>Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**New Jersey Right To Know**
The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of New Jersey law:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cas No.</th>
<th>Component</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>77-86-1</td>
<td>Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**California Prop. 65**
This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- United States TSCA Inventory
- All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

---

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Further information

**NFPA:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Instability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special hazard.

**HMIS III:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>FLAMMABILITY</th>
<th>PHYSICAL HAZARD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High, 4 = Extreme, * = Chronic
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Full text of other abbreviations

(Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISO - International Organization for Standardization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; DOT - Department of Transportation; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; NTP - National Toxicology Program; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods